has already reduced to a trickle on the onset of the summer season in different colonies of South Delhi particularly Sarvodaya Enclave, Sarvapriya Vihar, Panchsheel Enclave; and that too is available only during limited hours in the morning and evening;

(b) if so, the details indicating the percentage of normal water supply to each of the South Delhi colonies during April, 1989;

(c) what are the reasons for such search and short supply of filtered water; and

(d) what steps, if any are being contemplated to ensure normal water supply?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI) : (a) to (c) Delhi Water Supply & Sewage Disposal Undertaking has reported that water supply in these colonies is available for 2-3 hours in the morning and 2-3 hours in the evening with adequate pressure at Ground Floor and for shorter duration on first Floor. During the summer months certain habitations located at the tail end of the distribution system of those at the higher elevation do face shortage of water.

(d) Steps have been taken to ensure rationalisation of the distribution sysem as also for increasing availability of drinking water by maximising production of existing water treatment plants and through additional sources.

Bonded labourer in Raipur district

1380. SHRI KAPIL VERMA:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that a large number of bonded labourers of Raipur district, who were released following a Supreme Court Verdict on April 12, last year, are still awaiting rehabilitation; if so, the number of bonded labourers who have been freed and how many rehabilitated so far;

(b) whether any survey has been conducted to locate the bonded labourers; if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether there is any proposal to set up a National Commission on bonded labour?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI RADHAKRISHAN MALAVIYA): (a) According to the information received from the State Government of Madhya Pradesh 3,042 bonded labourers were released in terms of various Court Orders, including 2,961 persons declared as bonded labourers by the Supreme Court on 12th April, 1988. Of them 2,457 have since been rehabilitated.

(b) The State Government have undertaken a Survey and as a result, 1,447 bonded labourers have been freed during the year 1988-89.

(c) There is no proposal to set up a National Commission on Bonded Labour. However, the problems regarding bonded labour is included amongst the Terms of Reference of the National Commission on Rural Labour.

अनुसूचित जातियों/अनुसूचित जनजातियों के छात्रों को दी जा रही छात्रवृत्ति और वृत्तिका

1381. श्री अजीत जोगी : क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार द्वारा अनुसूचित जातियों और अनुसूचित जनजातियों के